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ARREST OF GEORGE EDWARD BUT-

LER IN SAN FRANCISCO HARBOR.

Murderer Who Is Charged with Lur-

ing His Victims Into the Mining

Regions and Killing 14 Men.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 2.-George Ed-

ward Butler, alias Ashe, the murderer,

whose arrival on the ship Swanhilda was

so long expected, is now in the San Fran-

cisco jail. The Swanhilda was sighted at

5:15 o'clock this morning coming through

the heads in tow of the tug Alice. Detec-

tives boarded the ship and placed Butler in

surprise to the suspected man, he main-

tained remarkable coolness and calmly

puffed a cigarette as he went ashore.

Captain Frasier, of the Swanhilda, said

Butler shipped with him under the name

of Lee Weller, one of his victims. Detec-

tives McHattle and Conroy, who knew But-

ler in Australia, Conroy having narrowly

escaped being one of his victims, were dis-

guised when they boarded the Swankilda.

When they charged Butler with the crime

attributed to him he professed entire ignor-

ance and denied that his name was Butler.

On the Hartley, on the way to the shore,

the disguises were removed, and still Butler

pretended not to know his captors. On the

voyage from Newcastle Butler worked as

an ordinary seaman. In his kit were found

garments bearing different marks which

victims. The Australian officers are over-

joyed at the successful outcome of their

long and weary wait. Extradition papers

have already been served and unless some-

thing unforeseen happens Butler and his

custodians will sail for Australia Thursday

Butler is extremely English in appearance

and speaks with a pronounced English ac-

cent. He gave his name at the city prison

as Elgan. Butler is charged by the Aus-

tralian police with having murdered four-

teen men. His plan was to entice men

whom he knew to have money into the

interior under the pretence of examining mining claims and then murder them. His

sea captain. Butler took his money and

clothes and shipped under the name of

Weller. Butler declines to be interviewed.

refusing to make any statement as to his

identity further than that his name is

Elgan, but he admits having shipped under

ever, to give any reason why he assumed

Weller's name and declines to admit that

he ever knew Weller. He says a man is

innocent until he is proven guilty and says

he will make no statement regarding any

portion of his past history. Butler appears

indisturbed by his position and sits un-

concernedly facing his questioners with contemptuous glances. He affects to be

rather amused than otherwise at his pre-

dicament. He is below medium height and

s decidedly insignificant in appearance. He

has a malevolent expression, but hardly

looks like a confirmed criminal. He is ap-

parently about twenty-seven years old and

his address suggests a man of fair educa-

tion. When his baggage was brought ashore any amount of incriminating evi-

dence was found carefully packed in his

belongings. A photograph of Mrs. Weller, a pair of bluchers on which were stamped

Weller's name, two watches, a spectacle

ease, a watch chain with a locket bearing

Lee Weller's name and a number of books

of Weller and his wife and many other

articles recorded by detectives as positively

onnecting him with the murdered sea

captain and prospector. The detectives are

very positive as to the identity of their

prisoner and scoff at any possibility of a

When Butler was taken before the United

State commissioner this afternoon he said

his name was Lee Weller. After Constable

Conroy, of the Australian police, had iden-

tified him as Butler, the alleged murderer,

the prisoner's attorney asked for a con-

tinuance for ten days in order to prepare :

defense. Next Monday was set by the com-

missioner as a compromise date for both

sides. Butler maintains his policy of ret-

icence and absolutely refuses to discuss

his past except for momentary lapses

when a shrewd question throws him tem-

porarily off his guard. Butler is displaying

much cunning, but it is of rather a low

order. He refuses even to look at a re-

cessantly. When thus braced, he will listen

to questions, but will seldom return re-

Mrs. Etta Butler, of Napa, thinks that

she may be the wife of murderer Butler.

weeks, when he deserted her. She after-

wards heard he went to Australia. She has

MANGLED BY AN EXPLOSION

Three Men Killed and Five People

Scalded in Mississippi.

win and Susie Buchanan (colored) are ter-

scattered for half a mile around.

cisco to see Butler.

boy three years old by him now in Val-

on the fly leaves of which were the names

the name of Lee Weller. He refuses, how-

Many novelties in the new extremely large figures, both woven and printed. Complete line all leading weaves in blacks and colors. Samples sent on request.

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INAUGURATION OF

# PRESIDENT McKINLEY

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FOUR DAILY TRAINS

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sories for the sick room. Trusses made and properly adjusted. Store open every Saturday WM. H. ARMSTRONG & CO. 77 South Illinois Street, Indianapolis, Ind.

### KEELEY CURE LAW INVALID.

A Wisconsin Act Knocked Out by the State Supreme Court.

MADISON, Wis., Feb. 2.-The Keeley cure law was declared invalid by the Supreme Court to-day. The test case from the decision of the Circuit Court, which was favorable to the Wisconsin Keeley Institute in a suit brought against Milwaukee county for \$130 for the treatment of a patient committed to the institute by the county court under the laws. The contention of the county attorney was that the law provides liability for the county and indirectly taxes the citizens. It was there-

### MUST GO TO THE GALLOWS.

Millionaire Duestrow's Last Hope Blasted by Missouri's High Court.

Supreme Court to-day overruled the mo- Thomas McGeehce. Jim McCaffery and The library is one of the finest in the world, tion for a rehearing in the case of Arthur Commodore Smith (white) and Peter Good- and until two years ago was quartered in derer. He is to be hanged Feb. 16.

PENNSYLVANIA'S HISTORIC STATE-HOUSE AT HARRISBURG BURNED.

Smoke Filled the Structure While the Assembly Was in Session and

LOSS PLACED AT \$1,500,000

DEPARTMENT BUILDINGS SAVED BY A CHANGE OF THE WIND.

Volunteer Firemen Incompetent Fight the Flames-Temporary Quarters Secured for the Lawmakers.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Feb. 2.-The Pennsylvania State Capitol was destroyed by are in ruins, and a new structure must rise from the ashes that has served as a meeting place of the Pennsylvania Legislature since 1822. The flames within the short space of one hour ate up one million and half dollars' worth of property. The inefficiency of the Harrisburg Volunteer Fire

Department is generally blamed. The House was in session and the Senate was about to convene, after a few minutes' recess, about 1 o'clock, when the flames tol grounds from the House windows. members were not mindful of it until the great clouds rolled by the windows. Instantly there was a motion to adjourn and all was consternation. In the Senate the members were lolling about in their seats The place began to smell of smoke, and soon dense clouds rolled down the rear elevator shaft. Senator John C. Grady, of Philadelphia, quickly warned the Senators, and there was a general hustle to remove effects. Fire alarms were sent in, and the men. Desks were being jerked loose and carried out. The same work was going on in the House chamber.

Out in the the grounds great crowds quickly gathered. The flames were then shooting out of the roof over the lieutenant governor's chamber, where the fire originated. The fire department was slow to arrive, and the hosemen about the Capitol were doing their utmost to check the blaze. It was useless. The fire licked up the little streams of water. At last th local companies started streams on th Senate wing roof, now a sheet of flames. The water had hardly force enough to reach the blaze. Rapidly the flames destroyed the roof and ate their way down were trying to recover property were driven out. The flames shot along the Senate roof, wound themselves about the dome on to the roof of the House chamber. Although there was a heavy ratn and snow falling, the woodwork burned like tinder, Soon there was a fire in every portion of the building, and there was no hope for

the historic structure. SEVERAL PEOPLE INJURED. During the fire several persons were slightly injured by falling timbers. For a time it looked as though the adjoining deparment buildings would be destroyed, but a shifting wind saved them. About 2 o'clock the flames were under control, the fire having been confined to the Capitol building. The records of this session were saved. The contractor for the improvements in progress had an insurance of \$70,000, his contract

The departments in the burned building were the following: Senate and House and committee rooms; Senate librarian's room; room of the Senate chief clerk, smoking room, barber shop in Senate, the lieutenant governor's room, the room of the president pro tem., school department, House chief clerk's room, the resident clerk's room, two telegraph offices, room of the Harrisburg Legislative Correspondents' Association, paster and folders' department, cloak rooms in both branches and the en-

There is talk of finishing the session mittees can be appointed. I don't think that it is possible to take the session away from Harrisburg, which city is named the Constitution as the place of meeting." President Pro Tem. McCarell, of the Senate, and Speaker Boyer, of the House, and the members of the board of public property met this evening to arrange for places of meeting for both branches of the Legislature to-morrow. It was decided that the Senate shall meet in the Supreme Court room, and arrangements were made for the meeting of the House in a room on the sec ond floor of the postoffice building. Governor Hastings is expected to send a message to the Legislature to-morrow morning in reference to the destruction of the Capttol building and recommending immediate action on the part of the Legislature with a view to the restoration of the Capitor building. It is likely that joint sessions of both branches of the Legislature will be held to-morrow or Thursday to decide upon

the future meeting places. THE BURNED STRUCTURE. The burned Capitol was built early in the century, but was nevertheless regarded as one of the handsomest specimens of Ionic architecture in the country. The building It was surounded by a park of ten acres, and stood on an eminence almost in the two and one-half stories high, surmounted porter unless the newspaper man keeps him of the surrounding country could be had. supplied with cigars, when he smokes in- The Capitol's dimensions were: Length, 180 feet; width, 80 feet. The cornerstone was laid on May 31, 1819, by Governor Findlay. The building was finished in 1821, and was first occupied by the General Assembly on and lived with him in San Francisco a few | the 3d of January, 1822. On each side was a wing, that on the north being occupied

lejo. Mrs. Butler will come to San Fran- the House. At each end of the building, separated buildings containing the state treasury depart and adjutant general's office and other day, killing John Branning and S. Scott ing also shelters the state library and a JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Feb. 2.-The (white) and Merrick Buchanan (colored.) portion of it is used as a state museum. Duestrow, the St. Louis millionaire mur- ribly scalded. Fragments of the debris were the structure destroyed by fire to-day. It placed the muzzle of the gun to his head

by the Senate and the southern wing by

menaced the library in the old building that induced the authorities to erect the

There are three fire companies on the ground to-night and the fire still burns in the cellar and part of the house.

There are perpetual policies of insurance aggregating \$123,000 on all the state buildings, but how much of this is credited to the Capitol is not known. In addition to this, \$40,000 was taken out on the Capitol building after the library was removed. There were five-year policies on the main building prior to the removal of the library aggregating \$400,000, divided among a large number of companies of this country and Great Britain.

#### IN A BURNING MINE.

Four Men Entomed and Probably

Suffocated by Deadly Gases.

HOUGHTON, Mich., Feb. 2.-Four men are entombed in the North Tamarack mine, which caught fire to-day, and small hopes are entertained for their escape. It is thought probable that all are already dead from breathing the confined gases. The missing men are: Peter Limpea, William Limpea, William Tomaczhoski and Antonie Tomaczhoski. How the fire originated is a mystery. When the alarm was first given the men working on the ninth level and above it made their way to the skips, while those below that level escaped to No. 4 shaft and came to the surface that way. When fire this afternoon. The legislative halls the fire broke out four men were working in the sixth level, and all but two escaped, Peter Limpea and his twenty-year-old son At the eighth level eight men were working, all escaping but William They could easily have escaped with the others, but instead of taking the skip they went back for their dinner pails. This was the last seen of them.

The damage to the shaft cannot be great. as it is wet, and as there is not much, material to burn the fire cannot last long. Captain Parnall thinks it is out now. He says it is possible the men may be rescued alive, as compressed air is being constantly sent were discovered. Smoke could be seen in down, and if those entombed open the valve as Judge Goff and that he owes it to his small volumes pouring out into the Capi- and let the air into the leval they can live friend, Major McKinley, to sink his own tol grounds from the House windows. The without doubt until morning. Fully 2,000 desires in the premises and accept the people visited the shaft this afternoon, them relatives of the men entombed

#### Two Schools Destroyed.

MENOMINEE, Wis., Feb. 2.-The Menom-High School and Stout Manual Training School were destroyed by fire this morning. Loss on high school, \$30,000, with insurance of \$12,000; on Stout Manual Training School, \$100,000; insurance, \$40,000.

#### PLATE GLASS TRUST.

1896 Below Expectations.

Its Earnings in the Last Quarter of

PITTSBURG. Feb. 2 .- The annual meetng of the Pittsburg Plate Glass Company, controlling the plate glass factories of the country, is in session here to-day. Great interest is manifested in the meeting, as there is a bitter fight being made for con-During the past year the net profits were \$725,471.89, which is 714 per cent. on the capital stock. The earnings of the last quarter, however, were but three-fourths of per cent., or at the rate of but 3 per cent. per annum. The decrease is attributed to he great depression in business. During

the past four weeks the stock declined from 68 to 50 offered at noon to-day. Yesterday it sold at 56%. The result of the election of officers cannot be known until to-morrow. There were 700,000 votes cast, and both the Pitcairn and Ford factions claim a victory. cairn faction favors an issue of \$500,000 fiveyear, six per cent, debenture bon ls to meet the payment of bonds falling due May 1. and continue this operation year after year pany is liquidated. The Ford people want an issue at once of \$2,500,000 fifteen-year six per cent, mortgage bonds with a redemption clause with a premium of 1 per cent. per annum for each year of the unexpired term of the bonds. Late this afternoon after adjournment had been taken until 8 o'clock or the tellers to count the vote, a batch of proxies was received to be voted. On reassembling the tellers asked whether or not to count the late proxies. Pending a decision the meeting adjourned until tomorrow. The fight is close and bitter and will require the tellers' count to decide the supremacy of either faction.

### DEATH DUE TO HYPNOTISM

Coroner's Verdict in the Case of

Seventeen-Year-Old Colored Boy. JAMESTOWN, N. Y., Feb. 2.-James W. Spurgeon Young, a seventeen-year-old colored boy, died Jan. 24 under circumstances that indicated his death was due to hypnotic experiments by irresponsible amateurs. Coroner Bowers ordered an inquest, which concluded late this evening. The evidence disclosed the fact that the boy was first hypnotized several months ago by R. Louenstein, a Pittsburg traveling man, and was subsequently experimented on by several local amateur hypnotists. A hypotheteither in Pittsburg or Philadelphia, but | ical question covering these facts was sub- | Dyer, St. Louis; Mayor P. D. Haistan, of be secured here. Superintendent of Public | Dr. Clark Bell, president of the Medico-Buildings Delaney, who estimated the total Legal Society of New York, and their answers expressed the opinion that such the rebuilding on the colonial style. We experiments would result in great physical will have a meeting of the building commit- injury. The evidence of one of the phyened the theory that death was due to without hope that Major Warner has a hypnotism and the jury rendered a verdict that the boy came to his death from diabetes and nervous exhaustion caused by hypnotic practices performed by R. Louenstein, of Pittsburg; Daniel H. G. Randin, Parke H. Davis, Edward P. Dodge and Robert Bemus, of this city. The verdict concluded with the recommendation that legislation be enacted prohibiting the practice of hypnotism. This verdict was signed by eleven jurors. It is probable that legal

#### PREMIER LAURIER'S POLICY. Better Trade Relations with the United States but No Annexation.

proceedings will follow.

TORONTO, Ontario, Feb. 2.-At Oreila, Ontario, last night, Premier Laurier, for the first time definitely stated the present relations with the United States" and expresed his willingness to stand or fall with it. He said that whenever this was spoken of there was always a cry of "treason" from the Conservatives, but nevertheless it would be the government's policy. They were not going to approach their neighbors to the south in a cringing manner, asking for favors, as annexationists, but as Cafriendly trade relations. His instructions to any committee which he might send would to approach the American government in that spirit, but, said he, "if they expect or hope for us to go back on old Eng-

thought it unworthy of any civilized nation and he hoped to see the United States do away with it this year, but instead he found that they were making it even stricter, so that now it was almost impossible for a Canadian to obtain work there. He would make overtures to the United States to have that law repealed, and if they re fused then, and only then, would he be in favor of putting the word "foe" in our own

land, then we will have to close all nego-

#### Pays 7 1-2 Per Cent. of Its Earnings. signed the General Electric Railway ordinance, giving that company a twentyyear franchise on several South Side streets, including Wabash avenue. By the terms of agreement the city secures the largest compensation ever exacted from a local street railroad, the company paying an average of 75 per cent. of its gross receipts per year during the life of the fran-The underground electric system will be used exclusively.

Farmer Kills His Son and Himself. TACOMA, Wash., Feb. 2.-A. W. Linderstorm, a farmer living on Anderson's island,

26; Rawlins, 20; Henderson, 14; Bennett, 3. anger took down a gun and blew out the This is a loss of one for Thatcher and a was the danger from fire that constantly and blew out his own brains. vote cast for the latter during the contest. brance.

AND ACCEPT THE ATTORNEY GEN-ERALSHIP UNDER M'KINLEY.

The West Virginian's Name Rewritten on the Slate by the Cabinet Makers at Washington.

### PLACE HELD OPEN FOR HANNA

MARK TO BE POSTMASTER GENERAL IF BUSHNELL IS OBSTINATE.

Yerkes Likely to Get the Kentucky Senatorship by Appointment-Many Office Seekers at Canton.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, Feb. 2 .- A well-authenticated report has it that Major McKinley will not take Judge Goff's declination of tender of the attorney generalship as final and that the West Virginian is being Tomaczhoski and his sixteen-year-old son | pressed to reconsider. It is being urged | that the President-elect will feel that the symmetry of the Cabinet slate will be seriously marred by the scratching of the name "Goff;" that it is felt at Canton and by the country at large that no one can be found for the head of the Department of troit, excepting as an appeal from the Justice who will as satisfactorily fill the bill desires in the premises and accept the portfolio. The story is that Judge Goff, complimented, pleased and withal measurably surprised that he should be held in such high esteem and be considered indispensable to full rounded Cabinet construction, has about decided that it would be discourteous, not to say churlish, in him to longer hold out. The lesson taught by this is that the Cabinet list when finally announced will have Goff on it in the place

> The rest of the story is that the position of postmaster general will be held open for Hanna until it is known definitely whether or not Bushnell is going to appoint him senator. Mr. Sherman will retire from the Senate about the 1st of March, the event being marked by a grand banquet at the Cochran in this city, given in his honor by the Ohio delegation and a few select friends. If Bushnell does not succumb to that grand overflowing of good fellowship and put Hanna into Sherman's seat, then, indeed, will there be commotion in the Ohio pool, and then will Hanna go into the

originally assigned.

It was reported at the Capitol to-day on what is believed to be good authority that Governor Bradley, of Kentucky, has decided to appoint Mr. Yerkes as senator from that State on the retirement of Sena-Legislature in extra session. He takes the position, it is said, that the appointment will be sustained by the Senate because the Legislature will not be in session when the

It is understood here that the position for which Judge Joseph McKenna, of Callfornia, is slated in the McKinley Cabinet, is that of attorney general, but that there are possibilities which may make it necessary to name him for secretary of the interior in the final arrangement of the Cabinet of the new administration

#### M'KINLEY'S VISITORS. Many People Seeking Office Under the Incoming Administration. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

CANTON, O., Feb. 2.-Although President-elect McKinley had numerous callers to-day, none was of Cabinet caliber, and therefore there was little news on which the unofficial Cabinet makers could safely construct their surmises. Nothing has yet been raid by Major McKinley that would indicate he has tendered the navy and inter's portfolios to ex-Governor Long, of Massachusetts, and Judge McKenna, of California, respectively. It is not doubted here, however that both gentlemen will be tion is lacking. Five citizens of Missouri arrived this afternoon. They were Editor J. Bittinger, of the St. Joseph Herald, and a State representative; Mayor C. P. Walbridge, of St. Louis; ex-Congressman D. P. Sedalia, and Gardiner Lathrop, of Kansas City. Mr. Bittinger said they came to present the indorsement of the Missouri General Assembly for Maj. William Warner, of that State, for a position in the Cabinet, and they hoped to have him named for secretary of the interior. "We are not chance," he said. "We have also with us indorsements from the Texas, Kansas and Indiana general assemblies.

One of the chief sources of worry to the President-elect now is the flood of applications for positions below those of Cabinet officers. Nearly every visitor at the Mc-Kinley residence booms somebody for office, and many talk in the interest of themselves. Senator-elect "Billy" Mason, of Illinois, and his son Lewis lunched with Maj. McKinley to-day. Mr. Mason said Illinois was perfectly satisfied with having been favored to take care of Uncle Sam's money box. "I am not here on any Cabinet mat-"We have, however, a big State out there, and many offices to fill. You can therefore guess pretty accurately that my talk with government's platform to be "better trade | the President-elect will have some bearing

M. J. Stanley, of Bowling Green, O., who called this morning, had nothing to conceal as to his mission. He said he wanted to be appointed captain of the watch in the Treasury Department. Among the documents he submitted to the major were the personal indorsements of Governor Bushnell, Senator Foraker, ex-Governor Foster, ex-Auditor of State Poe, and a recommendation signed by the entire Ohio congressional delegation, with the exception of three congressmen, recently elected. William T. Fee, of Warren, O., who was also a caller, aspires to the consulship to Nuremburg, Germany, and said his conference with the President-elect was enirely satisfactory. During the morning a party of six trav-

eling men, headed by Judge F. E. Dellenbaugh, of Cleveland, called on Major Mc-Kinely to pay their respects. Mr. Cornelius Vanderhoogt, of Baltimore, Md., also called. He is secretary of the State Bureau of Immigration, and while he maintained that his call is not a political one, said that possibly something might be said con-

Hon. J. D. Long Not Yet Notified. HINGHAM, Mass., Feb. 2.-Hon, John D. Long was interviewed to-day on the matter folio. He said: "I do not consider that Major McKinley has made me a formal proposition yet. I so wrote him the other not been tendered." In reply to a question if the selection of a man for the navy had been decided upon,

Thatcher Lost One Vote. SALT LAKE, Utah, Feb. 2 .- Only two senatorial ballots were taken to-day, the results of the two ballots being: Thatcher,

settled, but I have not yet been notified.

he said: "Oh, no doubt it is practically

After the second ballot a recess was taken 3 p. m. Immediately after being called to order a motion to adjourn until to-morrow was carried—14 to 19.

## Payr's Nomination Confirmed.

ALBANY, N. Y., Feb. 2.-The State Senate to-day confirmed the nomination of Lou F. Payn to be superintendent of

ZUELAN ARBITRATION TRIBUNAL. surance by a vote of 27 to 20. Part of the press of New York State made a vigorous fight against the appointment of Mr. Payn, both Republican and Democratic newspapers charging him with being unfit for the position and making se-

#### ing and integrity. May Vote by Machine.

rious allegations against his business stand-

PROVIDENCE, R. L. Feb. 2.- The Supreme Court to-day notified Governor Lippitt that it had decided that the McTammany voting machine could be legally adopted by the State. Chief Justice Matteson and three associate justices declare that it is not unconstitutional to vote by the machine method, while Judge Rodgers expresses a dissenting opinion

#### Benson House Voted for Mitchell. SALEM, Ore., Feb. 2.-The Benson House voted for United States senator at noon. The vote resulted: Mitchell, 29; George H. Williams, 1. A resolution was introduced in the Senate to proceed to vote for Upited States senator, but President Simon ruled it out of order. An appeal was taken and the chair was sustained by a vote of 16

Farmer Wilson Congratulated. DES MOINES, Ia., Feb. 2.-Both houses of the Legislature to-day adopted congratulatory and complimentary reolutions upon

the appointment of James Wilson as secretary of agriculture. The House gave him reception. Mr. Wilson spoke feelingly of his career in Iowa. First Blood for Mayor Pingree. LANSING, Mich., Feb. 2.-The Supreme Court to-day declined to take up the petition for a mandamus to compel the oust-

#### ENGLAND EXCORIATED

ing of Governor Pingree as mayor of De-

FOR HER HARSH TREATMENT OF IRISH POLITICAL OFFENDERS.

peeches by John E. Redmond and V Bourke Cockran at a Meeting in New York.

NEW YORK, Feb. 2.-A large and en thusiastic demonstration in the cause of Ireland was held at the Grand Central Palace to-night, at which John E. Redmond, M. F., and W. Bourke Cockran were the principal speakers. The gathering was for the purpose of advocating the release of the Irish political prisoners. Gen. James R. O'Brien, president of the Irish Political Prisoners' Association of the United States. called the meeting to order and introduced ex-Judge George M. Vannosen as chairman who, after stating the object of the meet ing, introduced John Redmond. In the course of his speech Mr. Redmond said:

"We demand the release of the Irish po broad ground, first of all, that they are political offenders. The treatment to which contrary to civilized usages. In dealing with this question England has made one rule for Ireland and one for the rest of the world. England has been a sanctuary for all the political offenders of the world, but yet she punishes Irishmen to commonly styled dynamiters. Not one of these men was ever tried for dynamite of-The dynamite act was passed in under that act, but under the treason-felony act, which was passed especially for John Mitchell in 1848. These men are charged with Fenianism and were indicted for waging war on the Queen. It is arrant hypocrisy for England to

are not political offenders. monstrous thing that these men. who are not criminals at all, should be suffering the lot of the lowest criminals? That man is not a criminal in the ordinary sense of the word, who, through overzeal, misguided, if you like, fights for what he believes. It was impossible for these men at time to receive a fair trial. All Engincapable of reasoning aright. I appeal to the intelligence of American opinion which is very potent in England just now. Recent events have shown how anxious England is for the good will of America. If America, either directly or indirectly, is able to aid us in this cause. I believe she will have added a new laurel to her crown of glory, and will have earned anew her title as the W. Bourke Cockran was received with applause which lasted several minutes. "The disgrace brought on England by her sacrifice of justice has raised the suspicions of the civilized world from which she suffers to-day. Whenever she tries to negotiate with a foreign country she is beset with suspicions of her motiver. Recently when trying to make a every step by the question: Why does she hesitate to ratify this treaty? A system for the peaceful solution of international difficulties would be a great boon. I would be the last to object to it. The obstacle of barbarity and crime rises up in the pathway of England and bids all disrespect her. If it was proposed to make such a treaty with France, Germany or Russia, do you think they would come under any suspicion? then, do we now suspect England? When we were weak she attacked us on the high seas. And when we protested she burned our Capitol at Washington. We want England to arbitrate with the weak as well as the strong. (Cheers.) We want to be sure that this is not a device to get us into legal complications and leave her free to perpetuate fresh outrages in Ireland seize new territory. Everywhere in the world England's influence has been for the best, except in Ireland. I want to see universal arbitration, but the time has come for England to give proof that she will not coerce the weak and offer lawsuits to the strong. We ask in the name of humanity and civilization that these dungeons shall be opened as one step towards the reconciliation of the two countries and we ask it in the name of the civilized world."

### "Whitehead" at Large.

NEW YORK, Feb. 2.-John Murphy, alias Whitehead, the alleged dynamiter who was that institution Sunday night and is still The high contracting parties engage to at large. Early Sunday night Whitehead adieu to a patient who had been discharged. The keeper's attention was distracted for a few moments and Whitehead walked out of doors and made his escape, Pursuit was immediately begun, but no trace of the insane man could be found. As the near-by railroad stations were closely watched it is thought that Whitehead walked all night and caught an early morning train from a station some miles dis-

### CARELESS ENGINEER

Put a Lighted Lantern in an Oil Tank and Cansed an Explosion.

CHICAGO, Feb. 2.-The power house well and West Madison street, narrowly no longer any reason for a delay in the reescaped destruction this evening by an explosion of one of the large oil tanks which day. You see I could not accept what has | hold the supply of fuel for the enginese, The injured are:

A. Z. MURPHY, chief engineer at the power house; face and hands severely burned and body bruised; may die. HENRY MARTENS, burned about face, bands and body; will recover. JOHN PETERSON, oiler, slight burns on hands and face; will recover. The officers of the company are reticent as to the exact cause of the explosion, but went to the tank, opening and thrust his lanterr into the hole. Of what occurred gain of one for Rawlins, being the highest | after that he naturally has no remem-

NAMED AS MEMBERS OF THE VENE-

Britain to Be Represented by Herschell and Collins, and a Fifth to

Be Selected by King Oscar.

#### SIGNED YESTERDAY

SIR JULIAN PAUNCEFOTE AND MINISTER JOSE ANDRADE.

Text of the Changes Made by the Senate in the General Arbitration Treaty with Britain.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2 .- As the representatives of their respective governments, Sir Julian Pauncefote, the British embassador, and Senor Jose Andrade, the Venezulean minister to Washington, at 4:30 c'clock this afternoon, at the State Department, sighed a treaty providing for the settlement by arbitration of the long-standing dispute over the boundary between Venezuela and British Guiana, which has not only ruptured the relations between the principals and kept them apart diplomatically for years, but has threatened to in-

volve the two great English-speaking nations in hostilities. The treaty was really complete several concerned, except the insertion of one name, and there a blank was left to fill in with the name of a British jurist. Some difficulty had been experienced in finding the second member of the British supreme tribuna! who was willing to assume the arduous task of arbitrator, and also could be spared from the bench. It was not until this morning that word came over the cable that such a person had been found in Justice Collins, and that his appointment had been ratified by the British privy council, a necessary formality. So all was ready for the signing of the treaty and Mr. Storrow, for Venezuela, calling at the State Department about noon, arranged that the signatory persons should meet about 5 o'clock at the State Department, for the purpose of signing. Mr. Cridler, the chief of the diplomatic bureau of the State Department, had prepared copies of the treaty for signature, both being in English

and unlike the general arbitration treaty, being printed on thick red-edged paper. Sir Julian came to the State Department just before 4 o'clock in company with his attache. Henry Outham Bax-Ironside Senor Andrade followed in a short time with Mr. Storrow, and the parties were shown at once into Secretary Olney's private office, where the secretary was awaiting them. A few minutes' delay occurred before Senor Ponte, the attache of the Venezuelan legation, came in, and then the party proceeded at once to the business of the day. Mr. Cridler and Mr. Bax-Ironside made a careful comparison of the two copies and then Sir Julian signed both of them. Senor Andrade placed his name after Sir Julian, and Mr. Cridler affixed the seals, with the aid of Mr. Blankford, private secretary to Secretary Oiney, and the treaty was an accomplished fact, save the single act of ratification by the Venezuelan

The signatures were written with a special pen, a beautiful gold holder and nib, tipped with an eagle feather and ornamented with a gold heart studded, with diamonds. This was sent from Venezuela. for the purpose, and will be the property of Senor Andrade, brother of the minister.

PROVISIONS OF THE TREATY. The treaty provides that the tribunal shall consist of five jurists; two on the part of Great Britain, nominated by the members of the judicial committee of her Majesty's Privy Council, namely, the Rt. Hon. Baron Herschell and the Hon, Sir Richard Henn Collins, one the justices of her Britannic Majesty's Supreme Court of Judicainated, one by the President of the United States of Venezuela, namely, the Hon. Mel-United States of America, and one nominated by the justices of the Supreme Court of America, namely, the Hon. David Josiah Brewer, a justice of the Supreme Court of the United States of America; and a fifth treaty with this country, she was met at | jurist, to be selected by the four persons so nominated; or, in the event of their failure want to do this? England has not come | to agree within three months from the date into the forum of public opinion with clean | of the exchange of ratifications of the pres-Why do the men at Washington | ent treaty, to be selected by his Majesty, the King of Sweden and Norway. jurist so selected shall be the president of the tribunal. In case of death, the Supreme Judicial Council of England or the United States Supreme Court shall, by majority

vote, fill the vacancy. In deciding the matters of dispute the tribunal shall be governed by the following rules: 1. Adverse holding or prescription during a period of tifty years shall make a good title. 2. The arbitrators may recognize and give effect to rights and claims resting on any other ground whatever, valid according to international law. . in determining the boundary line, if territory of one party be found by the tribunal to have been at the date of this treaty in the occupation of the subjects or citizens of the other party, such effect shall be given to such occupation as reason, justice, the principles of international law and

the equities of the case shall, in the opinion of the tribunal, require, The arbitrators shall meet in Paris within sixty days after the printed arguments shall be delivered to them. It is left with the discretion of the tribunal to change the place of meeting. All questions considered by the tribunal, including the final decision shall be determined by a majority of all the arbitrators. Each of the high contracting parties shall name one person as its agent to attend the tribunal and to represent it generally on all matters connected with the tribunal. Provision is made for the presentation of printed arguments and counter arguments, and all documents and

reports shall be available to both sides. The decision of the tribunal shall, if possible, be made wi'. in three months from the close of the argument on both sides. consider the result of the proceedings of the tribunal of arbitration as a full, perfect and final settlement of all the questions referred to the arbitrators. The arbiters hosen on each side are to be paid by the governments they represent.

## Approved by the "Thunderer."

LONDON, Feb. 3.-The Times in an editorial this morning expresses its fullest approval of the Venezuelan arbitrators selected on both sides of the Atlantic. "It would have been impossible to select arbitrators more acceptable to the people of Great Britain." says the Times, in conclusion, "than the members of the United States Supreme Court, whose fame stands very high here as Americans. The Standard says: "The exclusion of the

Hon. Frederick Coudert may be accepted as an evidence of good faith on the part of the United States. We apprehend there is sumption of direct diplomatic relations

### ANGLO-AMERICAN TREATY.

Changes Made by the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations. WASHINGTON, Feb. 2 .- The text of the hanges made in the general arbitration

treaty by the Senate committee on foreign

relations are as follows: As sent to the Senate Article 1 read as it has been ascertained that the engineer | follows: "The high contracting parties agree to submit to arbitration in accordance with the provisions and subject to the limitations of this treaty all questions in